REMARKS

Claims 4-23 were previously withdrawn.

Claims 24-39 are newly added.

Claim 1 has been rejected.

Claims 2 and 3 have been objected to.

Reconsideration and full allowance of Claims 1-39 are respectfully requested.

The Applicants respectfully request that the amendments made in Applicants' Amendment and Response dated September 8, 2006 be entered.

Newly added Claims 24-39 were paid for in conjunction with Applicants' Amendment and Response to Office Action dated September 8, 2006. No additional fees associated with Claims 24-39 are believed to be required at this time.

The Applicants believe that the Application is in condition for allowance and respectfully request that the application be passed to issue.

I. <u>ALLOWABLE CLAIMS</u>

The Applicants again thank the Examiner for the indication that Claims 2 and 3 would be allowable if rewritten in independent form. Because the Applicants believe that the remaining claims in this application are still allowable, the Applicants have not rewritten Claims 2 and 3 in independent form.

II. REJECTION UNDER 35 U.S.C. § 102

The Office Action rejects Claim 1 under 35 U.S.C. § 102(e) as being anticipated by U.S.

17

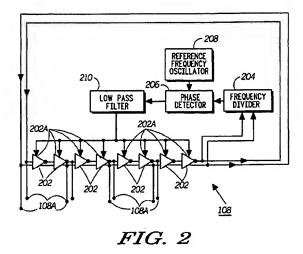
Patent Publication No. 2003/0016762 to Martin et al. ("Martin"). The Applicants respectfully traverse the rejection.

First, the Office indicates that Martin fails to anticipate a "variable phase-shifting circuit" as required by Claim 1. The Applicants respectfully disagree. For example, the Applicants direct the Examiner's attention to Figure 1 and Figure 2 of *Martin*, and in particular to Block 108. Block 108 is a multiphase signal source used to generate a plurality of phases of a carrier signal. Within Block 108, *Martin* discloses a ring of inverters 202, which act as a ring oscillator. The inverters 202 of *Martin* represent variable propagation delay differential inverters, where a phase difference is provided across each pair of inverters. Nothing in *Martin* discloses that these differential signals actually represent an "input" to the ring oscillator. At most, this may indicate that the ring oscillator of *Martin* is formed from phase-shifting circuits. In particular, the Applicants note that *Martin* fails to disclose any external inputs to its ring oscillator. Thus, the output signal is not variable phase-shifted version of an input signal, as required by amended Claim 1. *Martin* therefore clearly fails to anticipate a "variable phase-shifting circuit," as required by amended Claim 1.

Second, *Martin* fails to anticipate a "synchronized oscillator" having a "synchronization input" as recited in Claim 1. The Office Action appears to rely on an input to the first inverter 202 of *Martin* as anticipating the "synchronization input" of a "synchronized oscillator" as recited in Claim 1. (*Office Action, Page 2*). The ring of inverters 202 in *Martin* simply represents a standard ring oscillator. A standard ring oscillator is formed from a ring of inverters, where the ring of inverters has an output (or multiple outputs) and no inputs. The input

to the first inverter 202 of *Martin* simply represents part of the ring. The input to the first inverter 202 of *Martin* does not represent an input to the ring oscillator. In fact, any assertion that the input to the first inverter 202 represents a "synchronization input" of an oscillator would be completely arbitrary. In terms of "input" to the ring oscillator, nothing would distinguish the input to the first inverter 202 from the input to the second inverter 202 or the input to any other inverter 202 in the ring. In other words, the Office Action would be artificially selecting one set of differential signals in the ring oscillator of *Martin* and asserting that these signals represent a "synchronization input" when nothing in *Martin* discloses that these differential signals actually represent an "input" to the ring oscillator. Moreover, the Office Action contends that the "input" and the "output" have *specified* oscillation frequencies. Yet, the Office Action goes on to contend that the synchronized oscillator has a *variable free running* oscillation frequency. Even if the previous assumptions were true, it would not be possible for the "synchronized oscillator" to have a *variable free running* oscillation frequency, while the "input" and "output" have *specified* oscillation frequencies.

Finally, the Office Action treats the signal feedback signal from the output of the ring of inverters 202 as both "having a specified oscillation frequency" as required by the claims for the input signal and "having a variable free-running oscillation frequency" as required by the claims for the output of the synchronized oscillator. As seen from Figure 2 of *Martin* (reproduced below), the ring of inverters 202 receives the output(s) of the ring of inverters 202 as feedback to the input(s):



The same signal cannot have both a "specified" oscillation frequency" and a "variable freerunning oscillation frequency," as occurs under the Office Action's application of the claims to the structure disclosed in *Martin*.

For these reasons, the Office Action has not shown that *Martin* anticipates the Applicants' invention as recited in Claim 1. Accordingly, the Applicants respectfully request withdrawal of the § 102 rejection and full allowance of Claim 1.

III. CONCLUSION

The Applicants respectfully assert that all pending claims in this application are in condition for allowance and respectfully request full allowance of the claims.

DOCKET NO. STM107-02021 SERIAL NO. 10/603,579

PATENT

SUMMARY

If any outstanding issues remain, or if the Examiner has any further suggestions for

expediting allowance of this application, the Applicants respectfully invite the Examiner to

contact the undersigned at the telephone number indicated below or at

wmunck@munckbutrus.com.

Newly added Claims 24-39 were paid for in conjunction with Applicants' Amendment

and Response to Office Action dated September 8, 2006. No additional fees associated with

Claims 24-39 are believed to be required at this time.

The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any fees connected with this

communication (including any extension of time fees) or credit any overpayment to Deposit

Account No. 50-0208.

Respectfully submitted,

MUNCK BUTRUS P.C.

William A. Munck Registration No. 39,308

Date: 1206

P.O. Box 802432

Dallas, Texas 75380

Phone: (972) 628-3600

Fax: (972) 628-3616

E-mail: wmunck@munckbutrus.com

21